**潮阳实验、湛江一中、深圳实验2023届高三三校九月联考**

**英语科 试题**

命题：潮阳实验学校 郑纯铮 审题：潮阳实验学校 李丽芳

（满分 120分。考试时间 120 分钟。）

**注意事项：**1.答题前，考生务必用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔将自己的姓名和考生号、考场号、座位号填写在答题卡上。并用2B铅笔将对应的信息点涂黑，不按要求填涂的，答卷无效。

2.选择题每小题选出答案后，用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目选项的答案信息点涂黑，如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案，答案不能答在试卷上。

3.非选择题必须用黑色字迹钢笔或签字笔作答，答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域内相应位置上；如需改动，先划掉原来的答案，然后再写上新的答案，不准使用铅笔和涂改液。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。

4.考生必须保持答题卡的整洁，考试结束后，只需将答题卡交回。

**第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分50分）**

第一节 （共15小题；每小题2.5分，满分37.5分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

**A**

Some libraries use unique architecture to encourage visitors to explore the racks and settle down with a new book, or use roving libraries to bring books to hard-to-reach populations. No matter how they achieve it, these novel libraries are keeping the magic of reading alive.

****1. Kansas City Library (Kansas City, Missouri)****

Along the south wall of this parking garage’s exterior, visitors are treated to what looks like a huge shelf of books. The building originally served as a bank, which is readily apparent when the library has screenings in its Vault Theater, inside an actual 1925 bank vault.

****2. Beach Library (Albena, Bulgaria)****

Reading a book on the beach is a classic, and in Bulgaria, one library encourages tourists to do just that. The white, weather-resistant shelves lined up not far from the surf feature 6,000 books in 15 languages so every visitor can find the perfect beach read to enjoy while soaking up the sun’s rays.

****3. The Camel Library Service (North Eastern Province, Kenya)****

To combat low literacy(读写能力低) rates in the desert of Kenya, the government created a roaming library composed of nine camels bringing books to villages. The library travels four days a week serving the region’s nomadic people. Currently the service focuses on children, but with more funding they plan to increase their reach both in distance and the titles they carry.

****4. Bishan Library (Singapore)****

Built in 2006, this library with skylights and trellises, is meant to invoke a modern glass treehouse. Glass pods of varying colors stick out of the building randomly to create cozy yet airy nooks(角落) for reading throughout the building. At the same time, a more open-plan children’s room on the basement level invites interaction while preventing noise from filtering upward and disturbing those concentrating in the lofty(高耸的) perches above.

****5. Macquarie University Library (Sydney, Australia)****

An impressive combination of cuttingedge and sustainable, this building was made from recycled materials, features a green roof, and was designed to imitate the look of a eucalyptus tree. It is also state of the art, using robot cranes to bring requested books to the front desk.

21. Which library will not be easily affected by weather?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A. Kansas City Library. | B. Beach Library. |
| C. The Camel Library Service. | D. Bishan Library. |

22. Which of the following can **NOT** be experienced in Bishan Library in Singapore?

|  |
| --- |
| A. Having a discussion in the children’s room. |
| B. Reading in a comfortable area with fresh air. |
| C. Being disturbed by noise from the basement. |
| D. Immersing yourself in reading in higher places. |

23. What do the 5 libraries have in common?

|  |
| --- |
| A. They are targeted at children. |
| B. They are available to remote areas. |
| C. They are equipped with advanced technology. |
| D. They allow readers a lively reading experience. |

**B**

From sunny yellows to pretty pinks, this summer’s trending colours are rooted in hope and optimism. But just how powerful can a colourful wardrobe be for influencing our emotions?

THE FIRST SIP of coffee in the morning. Your favourite song playing on your journey home from work. A glass of Aperol Spritz on your holiday. These things all have something in common—they release dopamine(多巴胺).

Dopamine acts as a messenger between the neurons in the brain and strongly affects our mood. When we have high levels of dopamine going back and forth between neurons, we feel great. On the other hand, low levels of dopamine have been linked to reduced motivation, decreased enthusiasm and depression.

Luckily, there are many ways we can boost our dopamine levels, and one of these—“dopamine dressing”— suggests that the clothes hold the power to boost our mood.

Personally, I’m fully on board. Earlier this year, I attended the wedding of one of my oldest friends in a floral-print midi dress by Rixo. After a year of working from home, often foregoing getting dressed in favour of staying in my pyjamas, it was my first taste of dressing up in a while. And honestly, I haven’t felt so great in a long time, so much so that I kept the dress on all day, long after the reception ended.

The concept of dopamine dressing-actively choosing clothes that bring us joy—is nothing new. A 2012 study found that when participants wore clothes of symbolic meaning to them, their perceived confidence increased. The fashion world surely seems to think so with many designers harnessing the mood-boosting power of colour. Sunshine yellows brightened up the runways of a number of brands, with luscious lemon dresses at Versace and hints of yellow among accessories at Fendi. And, head-to-toe red ensembles(全套服装) were a common theme at Balenciaga and Givenchy.

So is it possible to dress ourselves happy? I think so. But, instead of prescribing to centuries-old colour theories, dopamine dressing in 2021 should be about wearing what makes us feel good. So, whatever garment it is, go out and find the colours that spark joy for you!

24. What’s the function of paragraph 2?

|  |
| --- |
| A. To lead to the topic. |
| B. To arouse readers’ interest. |
| C. To show people’s different preferences. |
| D. To introduce some background information. |

25. What does the underlined sentence in paragraph 5 mean?

|  |
| --- |
| A. I don’t think so. |
| B. I approve of it. |
| C. I worry about myself. |
| D. I insist on my opinion. |

26. Why are Versace, Fendi, Balenciaga and Givenchy mentioned in paragraph 6?

|  |
| --- |
| A. To show that they are leading fashion brands. |
| B. To imply what the following fashion trend is. |
| C. To argue that dopamine is in relation to fashion. |
| D. To prove that the fashion world holds the same opinion. |

27. What would be the best title of the passage?

|  |
| --- |
| A. Does dopamine-dressing refer to fashion? |
| B. Does dopamine-dressing effective for treatment? |
| C. Does colorful clothes lift mood? |
| D. Does colorful clothes follow fashion? |

**C**

When ten-year-old Reese Osterberg lost her Fresno County, California, home to one of the largest wildfires in state history early last fall, she had a very pressing concern: Did anyone grab her baseball cards?

No one had. With a houseful of kids and dogs and a farm’s worth of horses to evacuate(撤离), the family forgot the cards amid the stress. Naturally, the diehard(铁杆支持者) San Francisco Giants fan and Little League lefty with a swing as smooth as butter was upset. When she watched the Giants on TV, she would lay out each player’s card on the floor in his corresponding field position. “I like baseball cards because they are pictures of people doing happy stuff—doing what they love, and what I love,” says Reese.

Reese’s loss touched the hearts of the Fresno County fire department, which posted her story on its Facebook page with a request to help Reese restock her baseball card collection. That, in turn, touched the heart of Kevin Ashford.

Ashford knew exactly where Reese could find replacement cards: in his garage. He had more than 25,000 in his collection, with a ballpark(棒球场) value of $35,000 to $50,000. Ashford had been thinking about selling them when he saw the fire department’s post. “I wasn’t really doing anything with them,” says Ashford. “I thought I could take care of this problem rather quickly.”

First responders transported the cards from Ashford’s garage to theirs and then surprised Reese during a tour of the firehouse. Towers of Ashford’s cards were piled in front of the fire engine. After thanking Ashford(especially for the Buster Posey, her favorite Giant), Reese, ever the team player, was quick to share the thousands of baseball cards she received from Ashford and donors around the country with other kids affected by California’s Creek Fire.

She’s gotten so many, in fact, that she started Cards from Reese, an organization that collects cards and donates them to those in need. Reese is especially happy to part with Los Angeles Dodgers cards. As she explains it, “Go Giants!”

28. What brought Reese down?

|  |
| --- |
| A. The result of the baseball game. |
| B. The loss of her basement cards. |
| C. The fire affecting her hometown. |
| D. The rescue work after the disaster. |

29. How did the fire department help Reese?

|  |
| --- |
| A. They went back to the ruins. |
| B. They collected the cards in person. |
| C. They posted a notice to find Ashford. |
| D. They made an appeal on social media. |

30. Which of the following words can best describe Ashford’s act?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A. Kind and generous. | B. Passionate and understanding. |
| C. Easy-going and dedicated. | D. Open-minded and capable. |

31. Why did Reese start an organization?

|  |
| --- |
| A. To collect cards for Ashford. |
| B. To donate money to victims. |
| C. To contribute cards to people. |
| D. To popularize her loved team. |

**D**

An artificial intelligence can now predict the location and rate of crime across a city a week in advance with up to 90 percent accuracy. Similar systems have been shown to perpetuate(延长) racist bias(偏见) in policing, and the same could be true in this case, but the researchers who created this AI claim that it can also be used to expose those biases.

Ishanu Chattopadhyay at the University of Chicago and his colleagues created an AI model that analysed historical crime data from Chicago, Illinois, from 2014 to the end of 2016, then predicted crime levels for the weeks that followed this training period. The model predicted the likelihood of certain crimes occurring across the city, which was divided into squares about 300 metres across, a week in advance with up to 90 percent accuracy. It was also trained and tested on data for seven other major US cities, with a similar level of performance.

Previous efforts to use AIs to predict crime have been controversial because they can perpetuate racial bias. In recent years, Chicago Police Department has tested an algorithm(算法) that created a list of people assumed most at risk of being involved in a shooting, either as a victim or as a criminal. Details of the algorithm and the list were initially kept secret, but when the list was finally released, it turned out that 56 percent of Black men in the city aged between 20 to 29 featured on it.

Chattopadhyay acknowledges that the data used by his model will also be biased, but says that efforts have been taken to reduce the effect of bias and the AI doesn’t identify suspects, only potential sites of crime. “It’s not Minority Report,” he says. Chattopadhyay says the AI’s predictions could be more safely used to inform policy at a high level, rather than being used directly to allocate(分配) police resources. He has released the data and algorithm used in the study publicly so that other researchers can investigate the results.

The researchers also used the data to look for areas where human bias is affecting policing. They analysed the number of arrests following crimes in neighbourhoods in Chicago with different socioeconomic levels. This showed that crimes in wealthier areas resulted in more arrests than they did in poorer areas, suggesting bias in the police response.

32. What can a new AI show according to researchers?

|  |
| --- |
| A. The exposure of some biases. |
| B. The reasons for racist bias. |
| C. The similarity with other systems. |
| D. The truth of the previous cases. |

33. How was the research carried out?

|  |
| --- |
| A. By dividing criminals into groups. |
| B. By following the training period. |
| C. By training the model in big cities. |
| D. By looking into the past information. |

34. What is Chattopadhyay’s attitude towards the research?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. Negative. | B. Positive. | C. Neutral. | D. Indifferent. |

35. What would happen after the new AI model was put into use?

|  |
| --- |
| A. Crimes in wealthier areas would drop. |
| B. Crimes in poorer areas would remain the same. |
| C. Disadvantages caused by bias would decrease. |
| D. Crime data would be further investigated. |

第二节 (共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Summer can be a challenging time to stay motivated, especially when it comes to running. \_\_\_36\_\_\_ However, a few simple tips can help you stay on track and[improve your running](https://www.readersdigest.co.uk/health/wellbeing/7-simple-steps-to-improve-your-running), even when the weather is less than ideal. Here are five tips for running in the summer.

**Stay hydrated**

When it’s hot, your body perspires more and loses essential electrolytes(电解质) like sodium and potassium(钾). To avoid cramps(痉挛), heat exhaustion, and other problems, drink plenty of fluids before, during, and after your run. \_\_\_37\_\_\_ Thus, you can take a quick break to drink when needed.

**Get an early start**

While it may be tempting to sleep in when the sun is just starting to rise, getting out the door early can help you beat the heat. By starting your run early, \_\_\_38\_\_\_ In addition, getting an early start will help you make the most of your day. It will also help you avoid the heat and crowds that often build up later in the day.

\_\_\_39\_\_\_

The heat and humidity during summer can make it difficult to get out the door and even more challenging to stick with your usual pace once you’re on the road. One way to make summer running easier is to focus on cooling down after your workout. A[post-run cooldown](https://www.readersdigest.co.uk/lifestyle/technology/keep-cool-this-summer-with-these-5-gadgets) helps to regulate your body temperature and prevent muscle soreness.

**Dress appropriately**

As the weather gets warmer, it can be alluring to put on your shorts and tank top and head out for a run. However, it’s essential to dress appropriately for summer running, or you may feel uncomfortable and overheated. One tip is to choose light-colored clothing, as darker colors absorb more heat. \_\_\_40\_\_\_

|  |
| --- |
| A. Cool down |
| B. Take a shower |
| C. you can burn more calories than any other time in the day. |
| D. You should also look for fabrics that are breathable and quick-drying. |
| E. you’ll be able to get in a few miles before the temperature begins to climb. |
| F. For best results, carry a water bottle with you or run near a water fountain. |
| G. The heat and humidity can make even the most dedicated runners want to hit the snooze button and stay in bed. |

**第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分30分）**

第一节（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Enjoying a swim at their local beach was once a daily pleasure for Melati and her sister, Isabel. But in 2013 when Melati was 12 and Isabel just ten, the sisters started to lose \_\_\_41\_\_\_. for swimming in the waters near their home on the island of Bali. More often than not, plastic bags would circle around them as they \_\_\_42\_\_\_. Then as they walked back to shore, red and white plastic shopping bags would \_\_\_43\_\_\_ their legs and body.

Melati didn’t think much about it until later in 2013 when her teacher gave a lesson on world \_\_\_44\_\_\_ like South Africa’s Nelson Mandela and England’s Princess Diana, whose efforts had inspired movements of \_\_\_45\_\_\_ change. That day Melati walked home in \_\_\_46\_\_\_, thinking something needed to be done to preserve the beautiful island from becoming \_\_\_47\_\_\_ by waste.

Melati and Isabel started by sharing the idea with others. Soon they’d \_\_\_48\_\_\_ a team of 15, made up of school friends. They \_\_\_49\_\_\_ their group ByeBye Plastic Bags(BBPB). Its mission was \_\_\_50\_\_\_ to stop people in Bali using plastic bags.

The following year the BBPB team spent their lunchtimes \_\_\_51\_\_\_ meetings and organizing an online petition(请愿) to collect signatures to ban plastic bags. Within 24 hours of \_\_\_52\_\_\_, more than 6000 people both local Balinese and people from around the world had \_\_\_53\_\_\_. “This was the first moment when we knew, we were onto something,” Melati says.

Years later, the girls’ enthusiasm has resulted in big changes. In 2017, they organized Bali’s first beach clean up. Around 12,000 people collected 36 tonnes of rubbish. In 2018 BBPB \_\_\_54\_\_\_ the government to ban single-use plastic bags and straws. The ban took effect in July 2019.

Today BBPB is a global youth movement and has over 50 teams in 29 countries. “We didn’t start with any clear \_\_\_55\_\_\_,” Melati admits. “We didn’t know how we were going to complete a seemingly easy task but we knew that we wanted to and had the desire to figure it out.”

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 41. A. talent | B. passion | C. hope | D. balance |
| 42. A. swam | B. trained | C. observed | D. wandered |
| 43. A. relate to | B. lead to | C. add to | D. stick to |
| 44. A. performers | B. heroes | C. composers | D. champions |
| 45. A. awful | B. commercial | C. positive | D. slight |
| 46. A. silence | B. fear | C. safety | D. despair |
| 47. A. lengthened | B. narrowed | C. recovered | D. jammed |
| 48. A. controlled | B. assisted | C. gathered | D. supported |
| 49. A. sent | B. showed | C. named | D. lent |
| 50. A. simply | B. hardly | C. completely | D. commonly |
| 51. A. avoiding | B. chairing | C. discussing | D. analyzing |
| 52. A. valuating | B. debating | C. removing | D. launching |
| 53. A. held up | B. finished up | C. picked up | D. signed up |
| 54. A. encouraged | B. threatened | C. convinced | D. expected |
| 55. A. aim | B. plan | C. benefit | D. profit |

第二节（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

\_\_\_56\_\_\_(organize) by China International Culture Association and Central Academy of Fine Arts, the Mascot Design Global Competition of “Happy Chinese New Year” kicked off in Beijing on August 19.

“Happy Chinese New Year” \_\_\_57\_\_\_(involve) a number of activities held in overseas \_\_\_58\_\_\_(country) about the Lunar New Year, so that people can experience the festive atmosphere and know more about Chinese culture.

The competition collects mascot designs that show the concept of “Happy Chinese New Year” activities, \_\_\_59\_\_\_ stresses reunion, a festive atmosphere and sharing. With the rabbit as the main image, since next year marks the Year of the Rabbit, designs are supposed to be rich in Lunar New Year cultural elements.

The call \_\_\_60\_\_\_ entries began on August 19 \_\_\_61\_\_\_ will end on Sept 26. The collected works will enter four stages of evaluation, and the final selected one will be \_\_\_62\_\_\_(official) released at the end of this year as the mascot for the 2023 “Happy Chinese New Year” event.

According to Gao Zheng, director of the Bureau of International Exchange and Cooperation of the Ministry of Culture and Tourism, the “Happy Chinese New Year” \_\_\_63\_\_\_(become) one of the most popular and \_\_\_64\_\_\_(influence) brand event overseas since its launch more than 20 years ago. He hopes \_\_\_65\_\_\_(provide) audiences at home and abroad with a more innovative experience.

**第四部分 写作（共两节，满分40分）**

第一节（满分15分）

假定你是李华，你校英语角（English Corner）计划下周举办一次关于垃圾分类的讲座，届时将进行同步网络直播。请你代表社团写一则通知，内容包括：

1. 讲座目的、时间、地点；
2. 讲座内容；
3. 欢迎同学们踊跃参加。

参考词汇：垃圾分类 garbage classification 网络直播 live stream

注意：1. 写作词数应为80左右；学科网 zxxk.com

1. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。学科网 zxxk.com

|  |
| --- |
| **Notice** |

第二节 （满分25分）

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。学科网 zxxk.com

**Our Garden and the Salad**

“Christine, come and help me in the garden. I want to plant all of the seeds today.” My father was calling to me. “I’m busy...” I said. I didn’t understand why working in the dirt excited him so much.

By the end of April, his plants had come up in neat rows. Unfortunately, in early May, my father was seriously injured in an accident. He was in hospital for about two months and during that time he often asked me about his garden. Even after he came home, he had to stay in bed for a while.

My mother had several business trips so I said that I would take care of his garden. I assumed that the little plants would continue to grow as long as they had water, and luckily it rained fairly often so I didn’t think much about the garden.

One Saturday morning in July, my father said to me, “Christine, I think that the vegetables should be about ready to be picked. Let’s have a salad today!” I took a bowl and went out to the garden. I looked at the leaves and was upset to see that many of the leaves had been half eaten. There were hundreds of bugs(虫子) all over them! I tried to get them off, but there were just too many. I looked at the carrots next, but they didn’t look healthy.

I got in panic for a moment, but then thought of a good idea. I quietly went to the nearest store to buy some vegetables. I went back home and cut them up to make a salad for my father. When I gave it to him, he said, “Oh, Christine, what a beautiful salad! You must be taking very good care of my garden.” My father looked happy, but I felt a little bit guilty.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为150左右；
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

|  |
| --- |
| I went back to the kitchen when my mother came home.  I carefully made a salad and took it to my father. |